

LONG TERM GOAL

TO SAVE LIVES AND ALLEVIATE SUFFERING BY BUILDING RESILIENCE AND RESPONDING TO DISASTER AND CONFLICT.

END OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES

INTERMEDIATE OUTCOMES (FIRST LEVEL)

INTERMEDIATE OUTCOMES (SECOND LEVEL)

INTERMEDIATE OUTCOMES (THIRD LEVEL)

1 STABILITY, RESILIENCE AND RISK REDUCTION
Improved ability of Australia and partner countries¹ to reduce disaster risk, build resilience, and contribute to conflict mitigation.

1.1 RESILIENCE AND DRR
The Program⁴ supports partner countries to adopt, lead and implement more effective approaches to resilience and DRR in line with relevant frameworks.⁵

1.2 RESILIENCE AND CONFLICT MITIGATION
The Program strengthens Australia's and partner country efforts to address fragility, support stability, build societal resilience, particularly in priority countries.

1.3 CONFLICT AND DISASTER ANALYSIS AND PLANNING
The Program contributes to improved identification, analysis and planning in relation to conflict and fragility risk, particularly in priority countries.

2 CRISIS PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE
Improved ability of Australia and partner countries to prepare for and respond to disaster, fragility and conflict.²

2.1 RESPONSE TO DISASTER
The Program strengthens Australia's and partner country responses to natural disasters, contributing to positive humanitarian and resilience building outcomes.

2.2 RESPONSE TO CONFLICT
The Program strengthens Australia's and partner country responses to conflict and insecurity, contributing to positive humanitarian action and stability.

2.3 CRISIS RESPONSE PREPAREDNESS
The Program contributes to strengthening partner country preparedness to respond to a humanitarian crisis, particularly in priority countries.

3 STABILISATION, RECOVERY AND RECONSTRUCTION
Improved ability of Australia and partner countries to stabilise, recover³ and rebuild following natural disaster and conflict.

3.1 TRANSITION FROM RESPONSE
Deployments assist Australian programs and partner governments to accelerate the transition from humanitarian response to recovery and reconstruction and longer-term stability.

3.2 RECOVERY FOLLOWING DISASTER
The Program contributes to strengthening partner country stability, recovery and reconstruction following disaster.

3.3 RECOVERY FOLLOWING CONFLICT
The Program contributes to strengthening partner country stabilisation, recovery and reconstruction, physical and institutional, following conflict, particularly in priority countries.

4 QUALITY OF HUMANITARIAN ACTION
Improved influence of Australia's humanitarian efforts and advancement of humanitarian policy imperatives.

4.1 INTERNATIONAL ENGAGEMENT
The Program contributes to improving Australia's engagement with regional and global humanitarian actors and advancing Australian Government stabilisation, resilience and response policy objectives.

4.2 HARMONISATION OF ACTION
The Program contributes to the harmonisation of Australian humanitarian efforts and a more consistent focus on agreed policy imperatives and adherence to agreed humanitarian standards.⁶

4.3 VISIBILITY AND RECOGNITION
The Program improves the visibility and recognition of Australia's humanitarian contribution and enhances public and international diplomacy.

5 PROGRAM MANAGEMENT OUTCOME

Effective and efficient management by RedR Australia and DFAT⁷ of an integrated deployable civilian capability that meets Australian humanitarian policy imperatives.

5.1 POLICY AND PRIORITY SETTING
Steering Committee policy and priorities are actioned.

5.2 PARTNERSHIPS AND LINKAGES
Standby Partnership commitments are met, annual plan partnership priorities are delivered, and monitoring reports provide evidence of partnership development and influence.

5.3 DEPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT
Deployment strategies are developed, implemented and reviewed in consultation with partners.

5.4 ROSTER MANAGEMENT
The Program roster is developed and utilised to deliver against agreed priorities.

5.5 DEPLOYMENT CYCLE MANAGEMENT
Recruitment, preparation, mobilisation, in-country support, safety and security and re-entry are all efficiently managed.

5.6 FINANCIAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EFFICIENCY
All financial and administrative aspects of the program are implemented and deliver value for money.

5.7 ACCOUNTABILITY
The Program is accountable to the partner countries and communities it supports, and to the Australian public.

5.8 MEAL
MEAL results in evidence of lessons learning.

5.9 RISK MANAGEMENT
Risk management and compliance is assured, consistent with DFAT policies and relevant legislation.

1 The reference to 'the ability of Australia' includes acting through partners e.g. through the UN Standby Partnership.
2 'Partner countries' includes governments, national organisations and communities.
3 'Disaster' refers to natural disaster, recognising that this is often a misnomer.
4 'Recovery' refers to medium and longer-term recovery. Early recovery is undertaken during the response.

4 'The Program' throughout this document refers to 'Australia Assists', which includes the RedR-DFAT partnership, program partners and deployments.
5 Currently the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 and the Framework for Resilient Development in the Pacific.
6 Including as they relate to protecting the safety, dignity and rights of affected people.
7 DFAT is the Australian Government's Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade.